**All about the Electoral College** 

# How America picks its President

# Discover how a candidate wins the country's top job.

n November 3, Americans will go to the polls to Upick the next US President. Many will already have mailed in their ballots. But the process isn't as simple as checking off the person they want to run the country. Voters pick a candidate by name on the ballot, but they're not actually selecting him or herthey're voting for members of the Electoral College.



# What is the Electoral College?

The Electoral College was established in the US Constitution (the highest law in the country). It is a group of 538 people, called electors, from all 50 states and the District of Columbia. Their names aren't on the ballot, but they officially elect the



number of electors as it does representatives in Congress (the branch of government that makes laws). States with larger populations have more electors. California, the state with the highest population, has 55. States with small

populations, like Wyoming, have three. (Every state has at least three electors.) Each elector has one vote. In order to win the Presidency, a candidate must get 270 electoral votes. This is different from winning the popular vote, which is the total number of votes candidates receive from individual voters nationwide.

# Who are the electors?

Electors are chosen before each Presidential election. Political parties (like Democrats and Republicans) in each state nominate the electors. They can be citizens, state leaders or lawmakers, or even big donors to a candidate's campaign. The electors pledge to vote for their party's candidate



# What happens if.

The Electoral College can sometimes create an unclear outcome in an election, especially because there is an even number of electors (538).

Trump

and Clinton

.one person wins the popular vote, but another wins the electoral vote? The winner of the electoral vote is President. This happened in 1824, 1876, 1888, 2000, and 2016. In 2016, Hillary Clinton won the popular vote by nearly 3 million votes, but Donald Trump won the electoral vote 304-227.



#### .there's a tie?

ELECTION 2020

If the electoral votes are split evenly, Congress decides the winner. If the popular vote is close in a state, candidates can ask for a recount there. In the 2000 race between President George W. Bush and former Vice President Al Gore, this happened in Florida. Bush won the election.



..electors change parties? In 2016, seven electors voted for candidates in a different party. These "faithless electors" didn't change the outcome of the election. But in July, the US Supreme Court (the highest court in the country) decided that states can require electors to stick to their pledged candidate.

The Week Junior • October 23, 2020

# All about the Electoral College





6

How does the Electoral College work? In 48 states and the District of Columbia, the candidate who wins the state's popular vote receives all its electoral votes. (Maine and Nebraska

divide up the votes by district.) In December. electors meet in their state capital to officially vote for the winner in their state. In January, the US Congress meets to count those votes, and the new President is inaugurated (sworn in).

How did the Electoral College come about? In 1787, the men drafting the Constitution wanted to make sure no person or group had too much power. Some thought people should vote directly for the President, while others wanted Congress to decide. Another option was a vote based on state population. But slavery still existed then, and not everyone considered slaves worthy of being included in the population count. Some states wanted to count them, and others didn't. Finally the states agreed to count three out of every five slaves. This was the beginning of the electoral system.



# Is the Electoral College fair?

Not everyone thinks so. In a recent poll, 61% of Americans said the popular vote should replace the electoral vote. They say voters choose a person for the top job and the candidate with the most votes should win. In addition, people who vote for a candidate who doesn't get any of their state's electoral votes can feel that their vote didn't count. Others say the system favors the two major parties (Republicans and Democrats) and prevents candidates from a third party (like Independents) from reaching 270 electoral votes.